

ROME, June 25th.—The Jubilee.—All the Roman nobility returned to Rome to celebrate the Pope's Jubilee, and in the deputation composed of the active members of the Pious Union of Catholic Women they bore their part nobly. What the Gentlemen's Society for Catholic Interests is to the men this Union for Pious Works is to the women of Rome, and His Holiness showed his appreciation of their importance by receiving them immediately after the gentlemen's audience. They assembled in the Sala Ducale, which was as full as ever it could hold, and numbered over 800 of the noblest and worthiest ladies of Rome. Their address was read by the Marchesa Donna Chiara Antici Mattei, nee Princess Altieri. It was very beautiful, and was followed, as is usual on solemn presentations in Rome, by a piece of poetry suitable to the occasion, composed and recited by the Countess Guadalupe. They laid at His feet a large sum of money as their offering on this happy occasion, and to diffuse more general joy, they bestowed marriage portions on the different parishes for which the president of each committee drew, and which will be bestowed on the virtuous girls frequenting the Catechism classes which are under their care. They also assigned a number of premiums and a general feast for all the children in the schools which are under their patronage. The Marchesa Antici Mattei sent, in her own name, the thanks of those 800 Roman ladies, but representing many more, to the Archbishop of Westminster for transmission to her Majesty for her telegram. On the morning of the 15th, at half-past seven o'clock, this same society, to the number of 1000, assembled in the Basilica of St. Mary Major, and, after some prayers, formed into a procession, and, singing the Litany, proceeded to visit Santa Croce in Gerusalemme, thence to St. John Lateran, where, after hearing Mass and a sermon, they all received Holy Communion for the Holy Father and His intentions.

There was hardly any good Roman who did not fast one day preparatory to the Jubilee, to prepare themselves more worthily to implore God's blessing on Pius IX. In many of the churches where the working people, unable under the new regime to count on even half a holiday to go and pray, the Blessed Sacrament was especially exposed at hours to suit their convenience, and it was an edifying sight to see at dawn of day and late in the evening the tired workmen and poor women praying fervently for the good Pontiff, the loss of whose paternal rule they so bitterly deplore, and the crowds were even greater at these hours than on the others. There were grand Triduum celebrated in several churches: that in St. Peter's deserves particular mention, both from the crowds attending it, the respectability of the congregation, and the splendor with which it was got up. The ceremonies of thanksgiving commenced at 6 o'clock on the evening of the 10th with a "Te Deum" at St. John Lateran, at which Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament was given. The church was as full as ever it could hold; and a more devout and recollected congregation, with the exception of a few "liberators" who went on purpose either to make a row or disturb the congregation, never assembled under any roof.

Under the pretence of being exercised, soldiers were kept in the neighboring piazza, and a large guard of police, etc., were in attendance around the church, so that the rowdies thought it better to be quiet. This was a magnificent demonstration. There were 500 carriages drawn up awaiting their owners in the Piazza, while, for the first time since the 20th of September, the cabmen said they "made some money," and the long double file of carriages again gladdened one's eyes going to St. John Lateran. Next morning, the 17th, the real Feast, the day when the Pope was proclaimed, and for the first time blessed the Romans from the balcony of his now forcibly expropriated Quirinal Palace, the Mass took place at St. Peter's. It was splendid. A piece of music especially composed in honor of His Holiness's Jubilee, and presented to Him with their address by the members of the Capelle, was performed here, and in all the other churches to-day. One could only wonder where the people came from. To see them pouring out of the church and filling the now desolate Piazza was a refreshing sight. On the 18th there was grand "Te Deum" at the Gesù. It was worthy the Jesuits, and this is saying enough. The preceptors of the foreign colleges have got up a Triduum at their own expense at St. Ignazio in honor of the Holy

Father, and, in fine, if I went on for a week I would hardly exhaust all religious Rome in doing honor to her Sovereign Pontiff.

Deputations, Addresses and Presents.—Their Eminences, the members of the Sacred College were the first to pay the visit of congratulation to the Holy Father, presenting Him, at the same time, with an offering of 30,000 lire.

Not less than 1000 messages of congratulation reached His Holiness, notably among which was one from Thiers. All the members of the Bourbon family sent their felicitations. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria sent a special envoy in the person of his Grand Chamberlain, his Highness Prince Constantine Hohenlohe, who was received in a private audience, and presented an autograph letter from the Emperor to His Holiness. Next day this Prince attended the Holy Father's Mass in his private chapel, and received Holy Communion from His hands; as did also the other personages who had come to his Holiness. His Royal Highness Don Miguel of Braganza had an audience to congratulate the Holy Father. To him succeeded his Serene Highness the Prince d'Isenberg. The Queen of Sweden, and almost all the sovereign princes of Europe, sent their good wishes. To add insult to injury, the excommunicated King of Italy sent General Bertole Viale to congratulate the Holy Father, but his good wishes were politely declined. No admittance to Pius IX. for messengers from the degenerate House of Savoy!

The German delegation numbered over 800, composed of priests, laics, and ladies. Among the priests were many vicars-general, canons, and professors, and among the laity were the Princes of Lowenstein and Isenberg, who is married to one of the Austrian grand duchesses. Every diocese from Culm to Spire, from the Baltic to Lake Constance, was represented, and sent its own address.

Of all the deputations that have come to Rome the German ones have had the most success, because they are made up of all classes. In them there are nobles, canons, priests, princesses, peasants, farmers, and even messengers, and daily working men, and it is quite delightful to hear of their doings and fervor.

In the evening of the 16th, at the very hour when His Holiness was elected Pope, He received the deputations from Naples and Sicily, presented by his Eminence Cardinal Ruffini Sforza; they presented Him with the gestatorial chair and two fabeli, and from Naples 55,000 francs in gold. From Sicily also a larger sum. There were also numerous other presentations of parties bearing messages. The members of the Pontifical Court presented an address of congratulation and a beautiful present a gold temple ornamented with precious stones, and containing a relic of the Prince of the Apostles. The Camerieri Segreti also gave a siphon. Then glorious little Holland came forward with the magnificent donation of \$25,000 sterling in gold; this after having already presented handsomely to His Holiness on the 12th of April, and the expense of taking home all their Zouaves and providing comfortably for their wounded! There was a large and respectable deputation presided over by Count Von Wael. All honor to the good Dutch. The Noble Guard offered to His Holiness a valuable ring, presented by the Duke of Castel-Vecchio, their commandant, and Prince Viano.

Finally in the Consistorial Hall the Roman nobility presented to the Holy Father the gold medal they had expressly coined in honor of this glorious occasion and 1000 of the same in silver.

The Belgian deputation have given not only the tiara, but there were so many valuable jewels over and above what were necessary sent in, that they have brought a box of precious stones to his Holiness, and also an album, one page of which contains bank notes and the other side the names. Many private individuals have sent large sums, and the sum of money collected by the *Unita Catholica* is very large; in one fortnight in Turin alone 30,000 francs were given.

The editor of the *Register* collected and sent to the Holy Father a box of jewels. An address and offering from Bombay and also from the Republic of Ecuador, brought by a deputation, were also received.

The telegraph brought messages from several dioceses and towns in America, from England, Scotland, France, Germany, Belgium. The whole number received in three days being 1200. From the Diocese of Breslau the Holy Father received the gift of £4000. Thirty-three cases of presents were also received from Turin. The Dutch address, spoken of above, bore six hundred thousand signatures.

Besides the jewels Belgium sent £12,000. Malines alone having contributed £6000.

Venice sent a deputation of fourteen persons, bringing 60,000 francs and a volume with 150,000 signatures. All the smaller towns of Italy sent large subscriptions and volumes with thousands of signatures. The Tyrolean deputation numbered 100, many of whom were peasants, wearing their picturesque national costume.

From Spain, twenty of the noblest and best citizens came, headed by the Bishop of Avila, and bearing an offering of £10,000 and many jewels, among which was a pictorial cross of diamonds, worth £1712, the gift of a lady of Seville. To this must be added about £4000 worth of precious articles, which have been left in Madrid to be raffled for, the proceeds to be sent to the Pope.

Poland gave £4000. The French delegation numbered 300. On the 23d the Irish delegation, numbering 200, was received. Their address was read by the worthy head of the noble old Catholic family De la Poer of Gurteen, M. P. and D. L. for the county of Waterford. Count de la Poer laid at the feet of His Holiness the address and signatures, bound in a handsome volume, and an offering for the Peter's Pence, to which he had himself handsomely contributed. The Pope made a nice speech, after which all the ladies were admitted to kiss His hand, and one of them, knowing how fond the Holy Father is of the poor, and all that comes from them, presented Him with four eggs sent by a poor Irish widow, for His Jubilee. The Holy Father was perfectly enchanted, and said, "Four eggs, four eggs—what an appropriate gift! This is a fast day, and I will have them made into a fritter for my dinner; I'll eat them!" and again and again He returned to His eggs. Every one saw that the dear Holy Father thought more of the widow's mite, coming from her heart, than of all the grand gifts others out of their superfluity will never miss. When will people realize that to reach Pius IX. it is not necessary to be noble or rich! Among the donations to the Holy Father on this occasion was one of £10 in gold, the gift of a "Poor Irish Servant."

On the 21st the deputation from the United States was received. Their address was read by the Vicar General of the Diocese of Natchez.

Among the particular audiences granted this week was one to Miss Edes, an American resident much and deservedly esteemed here, who offered Him \$800, collected for the occasion of His Jubilee by the editor of the *New York Freeman's Journal*.—*London Register*.

MISCELLANEOUS IRISH NEWS.

ANNUAL FETE AT ST. COLMAN'S COLLEGE.

The curriculum of the year's studies at St. Colman's College, Fermoy, closed on Tuesday with a public examination in the various classes and a distribution of prizes. And if we have occasion from time to time to mark with pleasure, as the best hope of the country, the intellectual activity and educational progress that are now everywhere being exhibited. Tuesday's exhibition at St. Colman's brought fully home to our minds the great work that is being done in our midst for the Catholic youth of Ireland. The spacious halls were thronged with some of the elite of the country, and visitors from distant parts, including several old distinguished pupils of the College. The walls were adorned with appropriate emblems and mottoes—specimens of fine art culture were in abundance—but better than all, the intellectual culture and training of the *alumni* were evidenced by the really splendid answering, the fine manly bearing and general appearance of the students. St. Colman's is certainly keeping pace with the onward march of education in Ireland. It may be said to be in vain. We are bound also to remark that the presence of the venerable and patriotic Bishop of Cloyne, the Right Rev. Dr. Keane, who is President of the College, and whose absence from the fete on the last two evenings we had to regret, added additional lustre to the success of the day's proceedings. The visitors began to arrive about ten o'clock, and were ushered into the splendid recreation hall, where the exercises soon after commenced. Amongst those present were Very Rev. Dean O'Mahony, Mitchelstown; Richard Carroll, Esq., chairman of the Town Commissioners, Fermoy; Madame Dennehy, Fermoy; Dr. Roche and Mrs. Roche, Fermoy; M. Henley, Jr., Mounttrivers; Dr. Clarke, 84th regiment, and Mrs. Clarke; J. Dacre; Rev. Canon Burton, Castletownroche; Rev. M. Kennefic, Rathcormac; Rev. E. Cotter, Shandrum; Rev. H. O'Brien, Kildorrery; J. C. O'Rourke, 84th regiment, and Mrs. O'Rourke; Mr. and Mrs. Miss Magner, Fermoy; Dr. John O. W. Siak, Fermoy; Rev. J. Fitzpatrick, Kilworth; Rev. W. O'Bryan, Castletown; Mrs. C. W. Dennehy; Alderman P. Keller, Cork; Mr.

and Mrs. J. Browne, Cork; Mr. and Mrs. Irwin, New Orleans; Miss Twomey, Charleville. Rev. P. J. Doyle, Fermoy; Mr. and Mrs. Sexton, Middleton; Mr. and Mrs. Sutton, Cork; Rev. M. F. O'Mahony, Fermoy; Rev. T. Kice, Fermoy. The examinations throughout were most satisfactory, after which his Lordship distributed the prizes to the happy young victors. After the distribution his Lordship delivered a magnificent address, taking as his text an emblem which he said struck his eye upon entering the hall—"Faith and Fatherland." After having partaken of a sumptuous dinner, the visitors repaired to the theatre, where they witnessed the celebrated play of "Pizarro," after which came the well-known farce, "His Last Legs." Thus were the day's proceedings brought to a close, and we must congratulate the body of directors upon the success that crowned the labors of the year.—*Cork Examiner*, June 29.

RAID ON THE MALLOW MILITIA BARRACK.

Fifteen men, charged with complicity in the raid on the militia barracks at Mallow, were brought up for examination before M. Coote, R. M., and Mr. Eaton, R. M., in the County Court, Cork, on Saturday, June 24th. Mr. Blake, who appeared for the defence, objected to Capt. Coote adjudicating, on account of the opinion expressed by him at Mallow, that none of the prisoners were innocent, but the objection was overruled, first, on the ground that the magistrates were merely acting magisterially, and next, that Capt. Coote's words had been misrepresented. The Crown Solicitor stated the case against the prisoners, and read letters which have fallen into the hands of the police from Robert O'Sullivan to a person named O'Callaghan, showing that the raid was arranged so far back as last May. These letters were signed "J. Hughes," but were alleged to be in O'Sullivan's handwriting. Cornelius O'Sullivan was mentioned in them as ready to take part in the raid by means of a letter found near the barracks, addressed "Dear Stephen," the envelope of which was found in his house. Stack, when arrested, had in his pocket a ticket issued to him the previous night at Blarney, and Cashman was captured on the spot. Of the others, Barry and Doyle were arrested with Murphy returning to Cork, and Daniel McCarthy was found in company with Robert O'Sullivan and Stack. The rest of the prisoners were simply found returning to the city on Sunday morning under circumstances considered suspicious. Several witnesses were examined, and the investigation not having closed at 6 o'clock, was adjourned till Monday morning, three of the prisoners, Cronin, Walsh and Donegan being admitted to bail.

SPLENDID TRIBUTE TO THE LORD BISHOP OF WATERFORD.

The Very Rev. Dr. Flynn, V. G., accompanied by the Rev. P. Kent, P. P., Rev. John McGrath, P. P., and Rev. E. O'Donnell, P. P., and a large body of the clergy, proceeded yesterday to the residence of our venerated prelate, for the purpose of presenting the magnificent gifts purchased for his Lordship by the priests of the diocese. The testimonial consisted of a large and exquisite diamond ring and a massive and finely wrought gold cross, with chain. The Very Rev. and Rev. gentlemen were received with that gracious and unaffected cordiality which is one of our Bishop's endearing qualities. Dr. Flynn prefaced his reading of his address by assuring his Lordship that a much more costly present would have been made if the priests were not restrained from doing so by his simple and unostentatious habits. He (Dr. Flynn) had no doubt that the feelings of reverence and grateful attachment which prompted the offering would be in his Lordship's estimation, its chief value and attraction. After Father Flynn had read the address, Bishop O'Brien replied in a tone and manner which impressed all hearts.—*Waterford Citizen*, June 30.

THE POPE'S JUBILEE IN KANTURK.

Our town presented a gay appearance on Friday evening last. Monster bonfires crowned each eminence in the neighborhood, blazing tar barrels were whirled with exultant shouts through streets and lanes, myriad tapers flashed out from the flower-festooned windows, and bagpipes, drums, violins, etc., paraded the town until late hour playing popular and inspiring airs, so that all was "merry as a marriage bell." In a fact a bell had something to do in getting up the gala, for our beloved pastor, Venerable Archdeacon O'Regan had on that day presented his parishioners with a magnificent bell for their new church, and its first maiden song rang out in honor of the anniversary of our Holy Father's 25th Pontificate. There was something very affecting to a Catholic mind in hearing the

vast crowds (for country people had flocked into the town in hundreds) at 10 o'clock at night shouting with one voice, "Long live Pius IX! Long live the Pope King! Long live our beloved pastor, Archdeacon O'Regan!" while the deep and solemn vibrations of the newly hung bell were heard for miles around.—*Correspondent*, June 17.

MEMORIAL TO THE VERY REV. DR. SPRATT.

A public meeting of the citizens of Dublin was held on Sunday in the Carmelite Church, Whitefriar street, to adopt measures for raising a memorial to the late Very Rev. Dr. Spratt. There was a great assemblage on the occasion, the spacious church being thronged in every part. A large number of ladies attended. Within the sanctuary were many of the leading citizens of Dublin, Catholic and Protestant, and a full representation of the trades of the city. The following resolutions were adopted:

"That the character of the Very Rev. Dr. Spratt as a priest, a patriot and a philanthropist, and the inestimable services which, during half a century, he rendered to religion, education, country, temperance, and the suffering poor, deserve to be held in grateful and enduring remembrance.

"That a memorial be raised which will in some degree express our sense of the long, unwearied and self-sacrificing labors of this public benefactor, and the sentiments of affection and reverence with which his memory is regarded.

"That as the Very Rev. Dr. Spratt was for over fifty years guardian of the St. Peter's Orphanage, and during that time bestowed upon it his anxious care and tender solicitude, the endowment of that admirable charity will be a suitable application of the Memorial Fund, at the same time providing fitting monument.

"That it is the duty of all who respect a long life spent without earthly reward in the advancement of sobriety and virtue, the promotion of Christian instruction, and the relief of poverty and suffering, to unite in raising a memorial of the Very Rev. Dr. Spratt, and that a subscription be opened for the purpose.

"That as the Very Rev. Dr. Spratt devoted the greater part of his life to the promotion of the spiritual and temporal welfare of the working classes, and uniformly manifested his sympathy and love for them, this meeting calls upon the trades and laboring classes, in an especial manner, to join in the general tribute."

A committee, with the lord Mayor as chairman, was appointed to carry out the purposes of the meeting. The lord Mayor, Sir James Power and Rev. John Hall were appointed treasurers.—*Dublin Freeman*, July 1.

MAYNOOTH COLLEGE.—DR. WHITEHEAD'S RESIGNATION.

On learning of Dr. Whitehead's intention to resign the office of Vice President of St. Patrick's College, Maynooth, the students presented him with a massive silver claret jug and an appropriate address, in gratitude for his ceaseless and unselfish zeal for their well-being, and in appreciation of those rare talents by which he has so signally promoted the best interests of the college for more than forty years, during twenty-six of which he had been Vice President. The claret jug, with two accompanying goblets of the same material, bore this inscription: "A token of affection and esteem from the students of Maynooth College to the Very Rev. Robert French Whitehead, on his intended resignation of the Vice Presidency. June 27, 1871." Dr. Whitehead returned a fitting and feeling reply.

LORD DERBY'S IRISH ESTATES.

A rumor is current that Lord Derby's estates in Tipperary have been bought by Mr. Valentine O'Connor for £150,000. It is to be hoped that this is true. Mr. O'Connor's character stands so high as to give every prospect of his making an excellent landlord. At the same time it strikes us it would have been better if the land had been set up in small lots and bought by some five or ten thousand small farmers, as has just been done in Clare. It is to be hoped that some other absentee landlords will follow the good example set them by Lord Derby, and so help to relieve Ireland from the stigma of absenteeism. We might recommend Lord Darnley and Lord Fitzwilliam to inaugurate the movement.

THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR CONFERRED ON A CORKMAN.

The French Government has conferred the Cross of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor—the highest grade in the Order—on Mr. William Nash Leader, second son of Mr. Henry Leader, of Clonmoyle, in the County of Cork, and nephew of Mr. Nicholas Philpott Leader, of Dromagh, ex-M. P. for the county. Mr. Leader served with distinction on the staff of Gen. Cambriels. He particularly distinguished himself by his gallantry at Orleans, when five hundred Zouaves being surrounded by the Germans, and their commanders being shot down, the

THE MORNING STAR has been started with the approval of the ecclesiastical authority of the Diocese, to supply an admitted want in New Orleans, and is mainly devoted to the interests of the Catholic Church.

To prevent all failure, and to guarantee the permanency of the undertaking, it is based on a joint stock company, the capital of which is one hundred thousand dollars, in five thousand shares, of twenty dollars each.

Approval of the Most Rev. Archbishop

We approve of the aforesaid undertaking, and commend it to the Catholics of our Diocese.

J. M. ARCHBISHOP OF NEW ORLEANS.
December 12, 1867.

Terms—Four Dollars Per Annum, in Advance.

gallant young Corkman dashed through the enemy's lines, took command of the bewildered Zouaves, and dispersed their assailants.

RELEASE OF "COLONEL" BURKE.
Mr. Maguire, M. P., has received a communication from the Home Secretary, stating that Col. Richard Burke, now an inmate of the criminal lunatic asylum at Broadmoor, will be released on license on terms similar to those granted in the case of Bryan Dillon, and entrusted to the care of his brother. The license simply required that he shall present himself once a year at such place as shall be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant. Burke was one of the Fenian leaders, and the man on whose account Clerkenwell was blown up.

AWFULLY SUDDEN DEATH.

During the proceedings of the Court of Quarter Sessions to-day, a man named Thomas Laffy, a pensioner, who was sitting in the gallery, was observed to fall, and on being removed outside was pronounced dead by Dr. Cleland, who happened to be present. Death was caused by disease of the heart. The wife of the deceased fainted on seeing the body. Deceased was defendant in a case of ejectment brought by the Sisters of Mercy as executrix of the will of the late Father Daly.—*Galway Vindicator*, June 23.

NEWCASTLE LAND SESSIONS.

At these sessions, which have concluded, there were a large number of ejectments, out of which Lord Erne had four, and the Earl of Enniskillen no less than nineteen. Claims for disturbances, etc., were entered in several instances, but as they were not served a full calendar month before the commencement of the sessions the hearing was postponed by the chairman until the next land sessions in October.

COMPULSORY VACCINATION.

At the Bridgewater quarter sessions Mr. Bovett, veterinary surgeon, and Mr. Roberts, coach builder, were indicted for contempt of court, in disobeying a summons to produce their children before a magistrate in a case in which the defendants were summoned for neglecting to have their children vaccinated. They were fined £5 each, the Recorder at the same time intimating that imprisonment would be inflicted on a repetition of the offence.

BRUTAL MURDER IN COUNTY TYRONE.

A dreadful tragedy took place at Newtownstewart, County Tyrone, June 29th. Mr. Glas, cashier of the Northern Bank, was brutally murdered in the bank office while preparing to close, and £1500 in notes abstracted. There were wounds in the head, as if inflicted by a hatchet, and a paper file was driven into the head under the ear.

THE O'CONNOR DON.

The rumor has been industriously circulated that the O'Connor Don has accepted a peerage, and that a vacancy is about being created in the representation of our county. We confess we do not consider this very probable, but the matter has got so much publicity that we do not feel justified in withholding it from our readers.—*Roscommon Messenger*, June 24.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA IN TIPPERARY.

We regret to learn that this dreadful distemper exists at present on a few farms in the immediate vicinity of Tipperary. The disease appeared simultaneously on the farms of Mr. Samuel Heuston, Baronstown, and Mr. John Heuston, of Rathasragh, near Tipperary, some five weeks ago.—*Tipperary Free Press*.

THE REPRESENTATION OF MONKGHAN.

Lord Cremorne, formerly M. P., will again contest the representation of Monkgan. Mr. John Madden, Hilltown Park, will, it is believed, be the Home Rule candidate. The Nationalist party propose Professor Galbraith.

SUDDEN DEATH IN WATERFORD.

An army pensioner, named Daniel Hayes, died of Sunday afternoon, June 25th, suddenly. Mr. Hayes had eaten a hearty dinner and went to bed, where he was found quite dead in a short time after.

ST. MARY-JEFFERSON COLLEGE.—A literary and dramatic exhibition will take place at this excellent institution at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 26th. This college, situated in the parish of St. James, has met with many obstacles since its foundation, but two years ago, the Marist Fathers, under the presidency of the Very Rev. Father Gaud, took charge of it, and by dint of hard and systematic work and careful teaching, they have so firmly established it in the confidence of the public, that it now ranks with the best colleges in the United States. We return thanks for an invitation to attend the exercises which will no doubt be very interesting.]